

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/700,940	11/21/2000	Shiro Sakiyama	10873.589USW	4531
7590 05/31/2005			EXAMINER	
HAMRE SCHUMANN			EVERHART, CARIDAD	
MUELLER & LARSON			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P O BOX 2902-0902 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			2891	
			DATE MAILED: 05/31/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/700,940	SAKIYAMA ET AL.	(2)
Examiner	Art Unit	
Caridad M. Everhart	2891	

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief --The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 27 April 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL ___. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: _____. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. X For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) \(\sqrt{\pi} \) will not be entered, or b) \(\sqrt{\pi} \) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-6. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. A The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). _____ 13. Other: Notice of References Cited.

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant has argued that the capacitance of a power supply capacitor cell is determined based on a drive load capacity value of a logic gate cell in applicant's claims. Applicant further argues that Kinoshita fails to teach this; this is the reason for the combination of Kinoshita with Miki, which applicant recognizes. Applicant further argues that Miki, which the rejection relied upon to provide the capacitance determination, does not suggest calculating a capacitance value of the power supply capacitor cell prior to the arrangement of layout of the standard cells. This argument is respectfully found to not be persuasive because Miki is relied upon only for its teaching that it was known in the prior art to provide the value of the capacitance of the capacitor to be determined by the logic gate load. In addition, claims 1 and 6 do not require any order of the steps because of the comprising language, nor is a method of determining the capacitance value based on the load of the logic gate recited. Therefore, the arguments based upon the method for this determination based on the logic gate load disclosed by Miki are not persuasive, in addition to the stated reason above, that is that Miki was relied upon only for its disclosure that it was known in the prior art to provide the value of the capacitance of the capacitor based on the logic gate load. With respect to applicant's argument that Kinoshita places capacitor cells at wiring channels, this satisfies the limitation of claim 4 to arrange the capacitor cells where standard cells are not arranged. In further support of this assertion, Fig. 37 and col. 23, lines 30-39 of Kato, et al (US 5.519.654) describes dead spaces "such as spaces between wirings" for capacitors in a cell layout. In order to show that it is conventional in the art to make calculations using models before the layout step, pages from the textbook "Digital Integrated Circuits" by Rabaey, et al. are attached showing that capacitance calculations based on the logic gate loads are carried out prior to layout. .

CARIDAD EVERHART
PRIMARY EXAMINER